

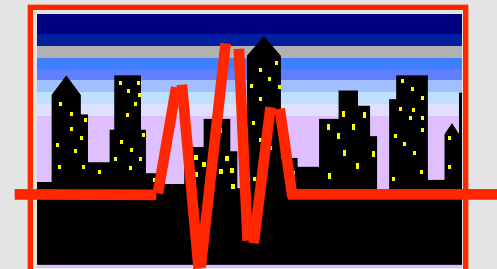
Disaster Risk Reduction: An Engineering Perspective

Workshop on a New Cross-Directorate Program on Disaster Resilience, Vulnerability, and Risk Reduction

Prof. Rachel Davidson

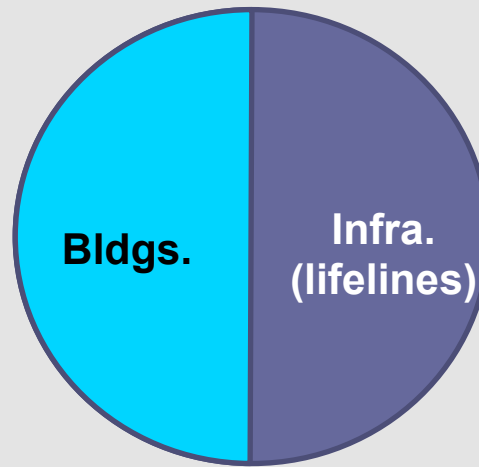
Dept. of Civil and Environmental Engineering
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June 1, 2011



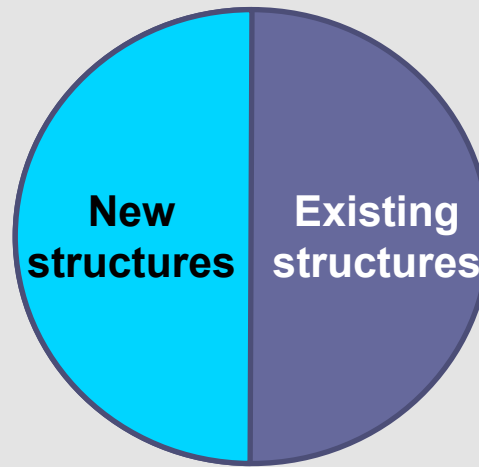
Defining the topic

- Risk = function of hazard, exposure, vulnerability
- Engineering largely (not entirely) about reducing vulnerability of physical infrastructure
- Physical strategies → **Vulnerability**
- Operational strategies → **Resilience**
- Risk modeling/decision support → **My focus**



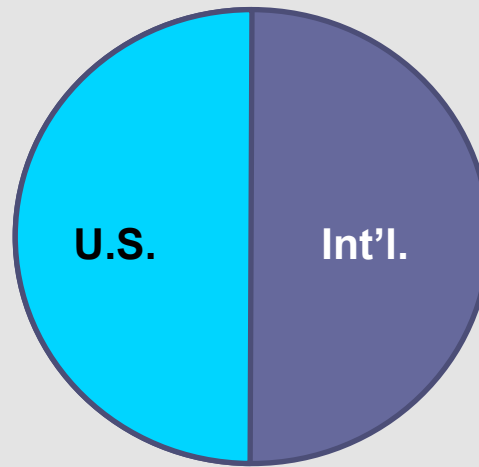
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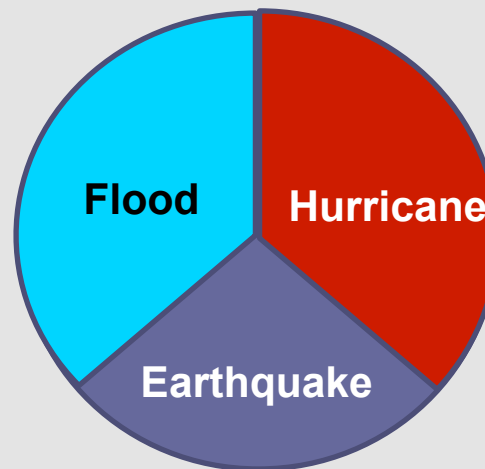
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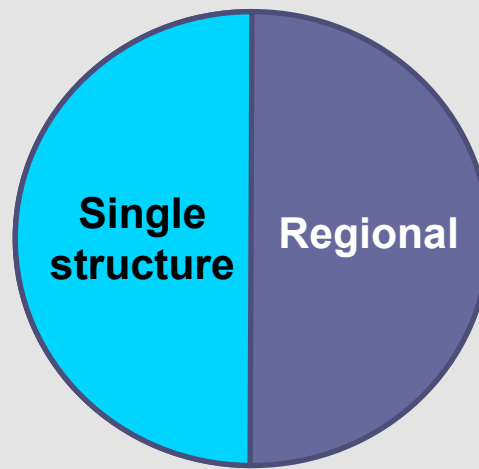
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State of science

Assessment (What is risk?)

HAZUS-type approach $Loss = P(\text{loss}|\text{damage})P(\text{damage}|\text{haz})P(\text{hazard})$

→ More hazards

→ Improved modules

→ More types of structures

→ Improved inventory data

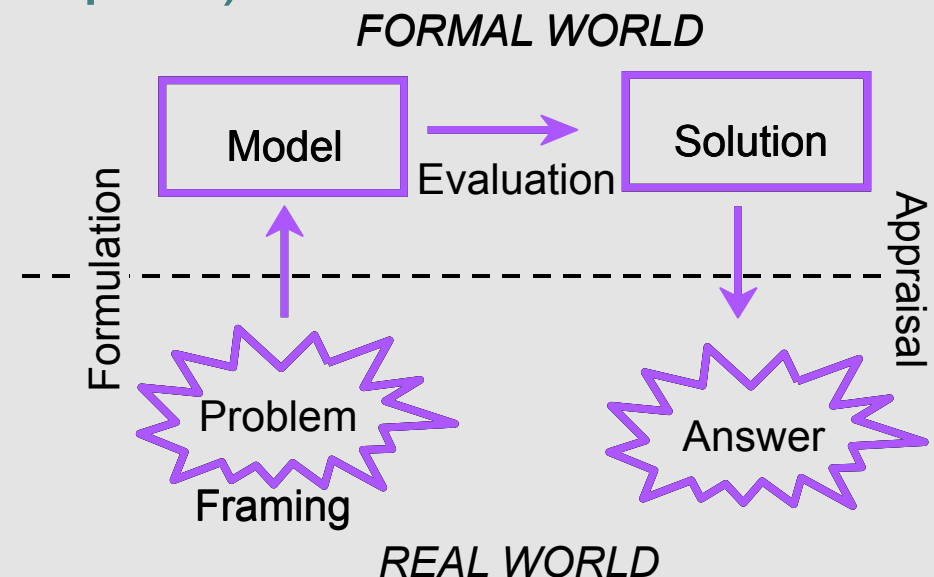
→ More types of loss

Management (How to reduce it?)

- Calculate benefits (losses avoided) and costs for different alternatives
- Typically static risk assessment, one structure, one hazard, expected hazard, direct loss, normative

State of science

- Hazard → Structures → Society
- Hazard-specific
- More pre- than post-event focus
- Modeling (simple to complex)
- Quantification



Opportunities for interdisciplinary research

- Regional risk reduction policy design and prioritization
 - Integrate normative and descriptive/behavioral
 - Recognize different stakeholder perspectives
 - Incorporate risk communication, perception
 - Integrate consideration of long- and short-term solutions
 - Demonstrate full effects of risk reduction
 - Address existing infrastructure
- Long-term analyses
 - Root causes of risk, full effects of events, unintended consequences of risk reduction
 - Interactions between risk and development processes
 - Risk as latent characteristic always there, changing

Opportunities for interdisciplinary research

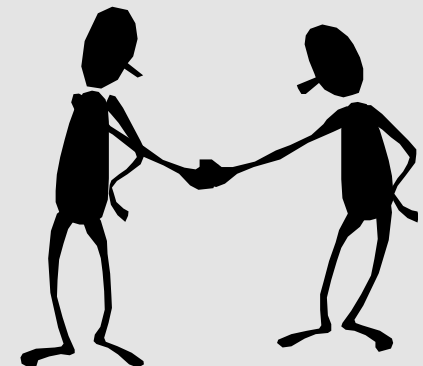
- Identifying important topics to model (e.g., PBD, equity)
- Modeling assumptions and inputs (compatibility) (e.g., evacuation, service restoration)
- Implementability of model solutions
- Cross-hazard idea sharing



Parallel



Handoff



Integration

Constraints

- Computation → parallel processing/clusters
- Data needs
- Sharing of models and data
- Disciplinary academic structure
- Interdisciplinary vs. disciplinary contribution